

# Aeromonas salmonicida

## Furunculosis, ulcer disease, erythrodermatitis

#### General

- Gram-negative, non-spore-forming, generally non-motile bacterium growing as single or paired rods of varying lengths and occasionally as coccoid cells
- 2. Impact of the disease caused by the bacteria increases with increasing environmental degradation and pollution

## Geography and Habitat

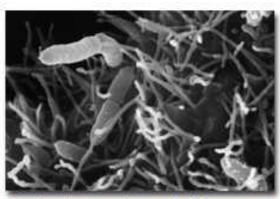
- 1. Native: Unknown, first discovered in Germany
- 2. Habitats
  - Occurs in a broad range of temperatures in marine and freshwater environments
  - Typically occurs in aquaculture and hatchery environments, though capable of being established in wild populations of native and introduced fish populations
  - Most commonly infect salmonids, though known to infect other species
  - Strains typically grow from 20°C—37°C
  - Optimum pH is 6.4—8.0; tolerance ranges from 5.3—9.0

### **Invasion Pathways**

1. Stocked, non-indigenous fishes, such as brown trout

#### Sources

1. <a href="http://nas.er.usgs.gov/queries/FactSheet.aspx?SpeciesID=2353">http://nas.er.usgs.gov/queries/FactSheet.aspx?SpeciesID=2353</a>



Scanning electron micrograph of Aeromonas sp. bacteria adhering to human epithelial cells

Photo: NOAA Northwest Fisheries Science Center http://nas.er.usgs.gov/queries/FactSheet.aspx?SpeciesID=2353